

1 selected based on the particular user profile associated with client system 10 as defined in  
2 client authorization database 100, or can instead be selected to cause the reauthorization  
3 procedure to be repeated after a standard period of time.

4 A service message generator 118 then mathematically combines random number  
5 108, authorization code 112, and new expiration count 116 to generate a service message.  
6 Since authorized server system 60 has successfully decrypted the client message, the service  
7 message generated thereby includes the same random number as the client message. The  
8 service message is encrypted by service message encryptor 120 using an encryption key  
9 122. The resulting encrypted service message is transmitted to client system 10 via network  
10 interface 55.

11 Reference is now made to Figure 4, which illustrates elements of message  
12 comparison subsystem 76 according to this embodiment of the invention. The service  
13 message is received by a service message decryptor 124, which decrypts the message using  
14 a decryption key 126. A service message decombinder separates the service message into its  
15 constituent parts, which include the authorization code, the new expiration count, and the  
16 random number. The random number included in the service message is passed to random  
17 number comparator 130, where it compared with the random number included in the client  
18 message. If it is determined that the random numbers are the same, client system 10  
19 assumes that server system 60 has decrypted the message and is therefore authorized to  
20 provide network resources to the client. If, however, client system 10 receives no service  
21 message or does not receive the original random number in the service message, the client  
22 system assumes that the server system is unauthorized.

23 If the server system is found to be authorized, client system enables or activates its  
24 functions based on the value of the authorization code. An appropriate authorization code

1 written to a control register in an application-specific integrated circuit, such as ASIC 30 of  
2 Fig. 2, permits the functions of the client system to operate. The authorization code can  
3 further indicate one of any number of levels of service or functionality. For example, when  
4 the invention is practiced in a WebTV set-top box or another client system that provides  
5 information and entertainment services to a user, the authorization code may activate the  
6 particular services that the user has subscribed to. Likewise, the new expiration count is  
7 written to a control register at the client system so as to again initiate the server verification  
8 procedure described herein when the security count exceeds the new expiration count.

9 If the server system has been determined to be unauthorized, grace period timer 90 of  
10 Figure 4 will eventually indicate that the allotted grace period has expired. At this point, the  
11 non-essential or any other set of functions of client system 10 are disabled until such time  
12 that an authorized server system is identified.

13 Figure 6 illustrates an embodiment of the invention wherein the authorization code  
14 and the new expiration count are written to control registers at an ASIC in a secure manner  
15 that essentially eliminates the opportunity of operators of the client system to override or  
16 otherwise tamper with the security features described herein. As has been described in  
17 reference to Figure 2, ASIC 30 is connected to a display device 20 and one or more memory  
18 devices 132. ASIC 30 can receive service messages and other information from the server  
19 system by means of network infrastructure 52 and network interface 54.

20 One of the functions of CPU 28 is writing control parameters to control registers 134  
21 of ASIC 30. Among the control parameters are the authorization code and the new  
22 expiration count. According to this embodiment, CPU 28 transmits the authorization code  
23 and the new expiration count to ASIC 30 in the encrypted form in which they were received  
24 from the server system. A private decryption key 126 is encoded on ASIC 30 and permits a

1 decryptor 124 encoded on ASIC to perform decryption of the authorization code and the  
2 new expiration count. It is noted that decryption key 126 and decryptor 124 of Figure 6 can  
3 be the same as the corresponding elements illustrated in Figure 5. Once the client system  
4 determines that the server system authorized, the new expiration count and the authorization  
5 code, having been decrypted, are written to secure registers 134b. In this manner,  
6 authorized server system 60 can securely write the new expiration count, the authorization  
7 code, and any other security parameters to secure control registers 134b without software  
8 operating on the client system having access to decryption key 126. Control parameters that  
9 do not pertain to the security features of the invention can be written to non-secure control  
10 registers 132a included in ASIC 30.

11 As illustrated in Figure 6, the security system of the invention can allow operating  
12 system software or other software operating on the client system to see only a limited  
13 amount of information. For example, as discussed herein, the authorization code and the  
14 expiration count can be written to secure control registers 134b. In addition, the  
15 authorization interrupt signal generated by count comparator 88 of Fig. 4 can be written to a  
16 control register 132 in one embodiment. Otherwise, the operation of the security system of  
17 this embodiment of the invention is not visible to the operating system, but is instead  
18 conducted by transmitting encrypted messages between the client system and the server  
19 system and decrypting the service message using a decryption key 126 encoded in hardware  
20 at the client system. Accordingly, rogue software or operators of the client system are  
21 unable to interfere with the operation of the security features of the invention.

22 Figure 7 illustrates an alternative embodiment, wherein the communication between  
23 the client and server is facilitated by an intelligent peripheral. As used herein, “intelligent  
24 peripheral” refers to any object or device associated with the client system, whether